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| **Unit VII – Political Turmoil** |
| **(7-3) The Perils of Industry – pg. 462 – 480** |
| **Guided Reading Questions** |

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*Answer the question or define the term for each:*

**Economic Advance and Social Unrest**

**People to Know**

* William Lovett (1800-1877)

**Toward an Industrial Society**

1. How did Britain come to dominate the 19th century?

**Population and Migration**

1. How did industry impact the population of and settlement of Europe?
2. How did over-population impact the cities of Europe?

**Terms to Know**

* *proletarianization*
* Chartism

**Railways**

1. How did industrialism grow on itself and have a *reciprocal* relation to the railway of Europe?
2. How did the Revolution of 1830 prove to be both liberal and conservative?

liberal –

**The Labor Force**

1. Why is it difficult to describe the labor force of the early 19th century?

**Key Events**

**1814 –** Locomotive invented

**1825-1850 –** Age of Railways

**1833 –** English Factory Act

**1838 –** Chartism begins

**1845-1847 –** Irish Potato Famine

**The Emergence of a Wage-Labor Force**

1. Describe the emergence of the wage-labor force.
2. How did urban artisans benefit from industrialization?
3. How does the French practice of *confection* relate to modern times?

**Working-Class Political Action: The Example of British Chartism**

1. While ultimately a failure in Britain, what lesson was taken away from the Chartism movement?

**Family Structure and the Industrial Revolution**

**The Family in the Early Factory System**

1. How did industrialization of the textile industry impact male-female roles in the workplace?
2. How did the concern over child labor impact working hours in factories?

**Women in the Early Industrial Revolution**

**Opportunities and Exploitation in Employment**

1. How was the early Industrial Revolution a win-lose situation for women?
2. Why and how were women especially vulnerable to the pressures of an industrializing economy?

**Changing Expectation in the Working-Class Marriage**

**Problems of Crime, Order, and Poverty**

**New Police Forces**

1. Why was a police force necessary for the growing European societies of the 19th century?

**Prison Reform**

1. How were prisons reformed during the 19th century? What explains this change?
2. For prisons like the ones found in France, what was their new purpose?