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| **Unit VIII – Rise of the Nation-State** |
| **(8-1) Revolutions of 1848 – pg. 480 – 497** |
| **Guided Reading Questions** |

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*Answer the question or define the term for each:*

**Government Polices Based on Classical Economics**

**People to Know**

* Karl Marx (1818-1883)
* Frederick Engels (1820-1895)
* Emperor Napoleon III (1808-1873)
* Frederick William IV (r. 1840-1861)

1. Describe how the concept of Unitarianism could benefit the poor.
2. How did repealing the Corn Laws improve the British economy.

**Early Socialism**

1. What were the criticisms of capitalism among early socialists?

**Terms to Know**

* utilitarianism
* utopian socialists
* socialism
* anarchism
* Marxism
* *The Communist Manifesto*
* Revolutions of 1848

**Utopian Socialism**

1. What were the criticisms of capitalism among early socialists?
2. What impact did the following men have on the development of socialism?

Saint Simon –

Robert Owen –

Charles Fourier –

**Key Events**

**1848**

**Feb** – Communist Manifesto published

**Mar** – revolutions begin in Austria

**Jun** – Pan-Slavic Congress meets

**Nov** – revolution in Rome

**Dec** – Louis Napoleon is elected

**1849** –

**Apr** – Frederick William IV refused crown of a unified Germany

**Jul** – French troops overthrow Roman Republic

**Aug** – Austria defeats Hungarians

**1851** – *Coup d’état* of Louis Napoleon

Louis Blanc –

**Anarchism**

**Marxism**

1. How has history misrepresented communism’s development?
2. How did Marxism differ from other forms of socialism?
3. What role did the proletariat have in Marx’s *Communist Manifesto?*
4. Describe the proletarian revolution Marx believed was inevitable between the struggling classes,

**1848: Year of Revolutions**

1. Describe how each of the following contributed to the outbreak of revolutions across Europe:

famine/economic depression –

liberal/urban working class relations –

nationalism –

**France: The Second Republic and Louis Napoleon**

1. What caused Louis Philippe to abdicate the throne and flee France?
2. How was Napoleon able to seize so much power in France?\*
3. Who were the *Voix de femmes*, and what impact did they have on France?

**The Habsburg Empire: Nationalism Resisted**

1. How did the Habsburg government’s use emancipation to undercut revolutionary movements?
2. What is *Magyarization* and what impact did it have on the independence of Hungary?
3. What were the criticisms of a united Pan-Slavic state?
4. How was the Habsburg government able to withstand so many internal challenges to its authority?

**Italy: Republicanism Defeated**

1. How did each of the following impact the failure of a unified Italy?

war with Austria –

France –

**The German Confederation: Liberalism Frustrated**

1. What type of political belief did Frederick William IV hold as apparent by his “dog collar” comment?
2. Throughout all the revolutions of 1848, why did the liberal revolutions of 1848 fail to achieve their goals?\*

**Please read the “In Perspective” section for and overview of the chapter**